Tohoku Univ. / Yamanashi Univ. Technology

New Sulfidation Technology, n-Type SnS Thin Films and Solar Cells

- Safe, Low-Temp, and Impurity-Free Sulfurization Technology
- Innovative n-Type SnS Thin Films for Next-Gen Solar Cells

Overview

Thin-film solar cells using SnS (tin sulfide) offer the following advantages:

- Free of toxic elements such as Cd and Te.
- Composed of abundant and inexpensive elements (Sn and S).
- Efficient light absorption at a thickness of just 2–3 μm (compared to ~500 μm for silicon).
- A conversion efficiency of 25.3% has been reported for homo p-n junctions.

However, achieving high-efficiency SnS solar cells with a homo pn junction requires n-type SnS thin films, which have been technically challenging to fabricate.

In this invention, inventor successfully synthesized n-type SnS thin films for the first time using a novel sulfurization technique based on sulfur plasma. This breakthrough is expected to enable the realization of homojunction SnS solar cells in the future.

Product Application

- Solar cells and photodetectors
- Novel Sulfidation Technology (Next page)

IP Data

IP No. : PCT/JP2021/017400

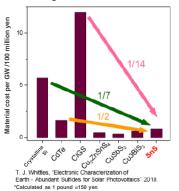
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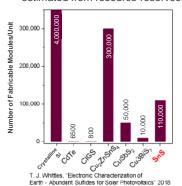
Features · Outstandings

(SnS as a Solar Cell Material)

Material cost of 1 GW module assuming 20% conversion efficiency



Number of producible 1GW modules estimated from resource reserves



SnS is low-cost and abundant.

\(n\)-type SnS thin films \(\rangle\)



	Conventional method	This technology With S Plasma
Туре	P Type	N Type
S/Sn ratio(EPMA)	1.079	1.085
Conductivity Scm ⁻¹	1.8 × 10 ⁻⁴	0.1
Mobility cm ² V ⁻¹ s ⁻¹	1.8	0.23
Carrier density cm ⁻³	6.1 × 10 ¹⁴	2.6 × 10 ¹⁸
CI concentration	4.6×10^{18}	3.7×10^{18}

60-70% of the doped CI generates carrier electrons,

→ Successfully achieved n-type conductive SnS thin films.

Contact

Tohoku Techno Arch Co., Ltd.

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New Sulfidation Technology

Back ground

Solar cell

2-D materials

LIB materials

Phosphors



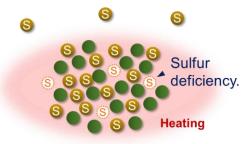


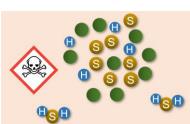




Sulfides are widely used in solar cells, materials science, phosphors...

Challenges

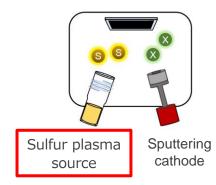


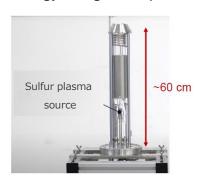


- 1. Sulfur (S) has a high vapor pressure, making S deficiency
- 2. The H2S sulfurization method faces:
 - · High toxicity, requiring complex and hard-to-manage.
 - Risk of hydrogen impurities.

Technology

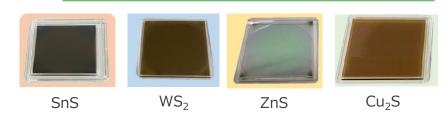
Development of sulfidation technology using sulfur plasma





- · High safety and compact equipment.
- · Free from impurities.

Application



- · Reactive sputtering with metal targets.
- · Crystalline sulfides thin films can be deposited at RT.

Contact

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