

# New catalyst for inducing same oxidation reaction under illumination even in the dark

Can oxidize hydrazine in the dark

## Overview

Photocatalysts are materials that induce redox reactions under illumination. In particular, it is effective for downhill reactions (oxidative degradation of hazardous and pollutants) and titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) which is UV light responsive, is already in practical use. However, TiO<sub>2</sub> photocatalytic technology is limited to small amounts and low concentrations of substances based on the solar light spectrum, and there is a problem that oxidation degradation treatment similar to that under illumination is never induced in the dark conditions.

In his research for application as a photoelectrode and photocatalyst for organic p-n junctions, the inventor found that organic p-n junctions can catalyze (= dual catalysis) the oxidation of thiols even in the dark conditions [1]. In addition, as a result of his intensive research, he succeeded in expanding the target of dual catalysis to formic acid, hydrogen peroxide, and hydrazine by supporting a cocatalyst on organic p-n junctions.

Dual catalysis is a new type of catalysis that TiO<sub>2</sub> does not have. The selection of organic p-n junctions and co-catalysts is expected to expand the application range and market size of catalysts for environmental purification applications.

## Product Application

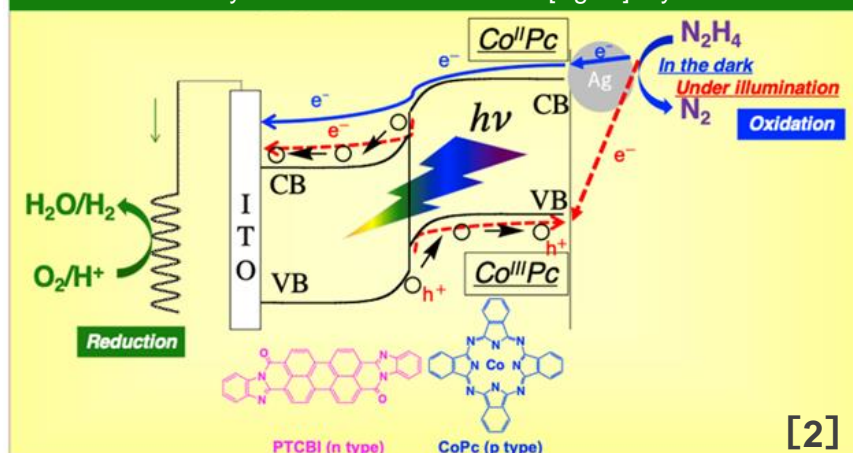
- Catalysts for environmental purification
- Complementation of titanium oxide

## IP Data

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Admin No. : K23-027

## Ag acts as a cocatalyst and oxidizes hydrazine even in the dark

Dual catalysis in the PTCBI/CoPc-Nf [Ag<sub>2</sub>O] system



| Catalytic electrode   |  | Amount of nitrogen generated (μL) |             | Amount of hydrogen generated (μL) |             |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
|                       |  | Under illumination                | In the dark | Under illumination                | In the dark |
| Example 1             | ITO / PTCBI / CoPc + Ag <sub>2</sub> O | 48.4                              | 8.04        | 94.8                              | 14.3        |
| comparative example 1 | ITO / PTCBI / CoPc                     | 46.0                              | 0.0         | 78.5                              | 4.21        |

Both under illumination and in the dark, hydrogen generation associated with the oxidation of hydrazine can be confirmed, and it is larger under illumination than in the dark.

= **Dual catalysis effect**

## Related Works

[1] J. Mater. Chem. A, 2017, 5, 7445

[2] RSC Adv., 2020, 12, 1850

## Contact